Name	Date	Class
Genetics: Th	ne Science of Heredity - Chapter Test	
a. b. c.	During meiosis, sex cells form when chromosome pairs are doubled. copied. separated. combined.	
a. b c.	n organism's phenotype is its  physical appearance. genetic makeup. allele combination. probability of occurring.	
a. a. b c.	n allele whose trait always shows up in an or llele is present is a gene. dominant allele. recessive allele. hereditary factor.	ganism when the
<b>Completio</b> <i>Fill in the lin</i>	e to complete each statement.	
carried f	ng to the chromosome theory of inheritance, rom parents to offspring on chromosomes. is a change in a gene or plant has two dominant alleles for tall stems,	chromosome.
14. A(n) have the	organism is the offspresame trait.  erent forms of a gene are called	ing of many generations that
	<b>ilse</b> ent is true, write true. If it is false, change the under tatement true.	lined word or words
	<b>16.</b> Each time a coin is tossed, there is a <u>75</u> will land heads up.	<u>percent</u> chance that the coir
	17. Chromosomes are made up of <u>protein</u> on a string.	ıs joined together like beads
	<b>18.</b> The passing of traits from parents to c codominance.	offspring is called
	<b>19.</b> Unlike DNA, RNA contains the nitrog	gen base <u>uracil</u> .
	<b>20.</b> <u>Probability</u> is a number that describes will happen.	how likely it is that an event